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Studies on Homalomenaeae (Araceae) of Borneo XXIX — *Homalomena latisinus*, a new species for the Borneensis Complex from Brunei

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Abstract. *Homalomena latisinus* is described and illustrated as a new Bruneian species of the *Homalomena* Borneensis Complex from shaded damp kerangas. It is compared with the five species previously described for the complex.

Keywords: Borneo, Brunei, *Homalomena*, kerangas, Palaeogene sandstones.

INTRODUCTION

The *Homalomena* Borneensis Complex of the *Homalomena* Cyrtocladon Clade (Ng et al. 2011: 26; Wong et al. 2013a; Wong et al. 2013b: 10) currently comprises five described species, all restricted to Borneo: *Homalomena borneensis* Ridl. (Ridley 1905: 173), *H. clandestina* P.C.Boyce, S.Y.Wong & Fasih. (Boyce et al. 2010: 277), *H. ibanorum* S.Y.Wong & P.C.Boyce (Wong et al. 2013: 18), *H. ovata* Engl. (Engler 1879: 296), and *H. tirtae* Asih, Kurniawan & P.C.Boyce, (Asih et al. 2012: 241). Here we describe a sixth species from damp kerangas in Brunei which is highly distinctive in the complex by the glossy deep green leaf blades with well-developed posterior lobes separated by a wide parabolic sinus. Hitherto only *H. ibanorum* has glossy leaf blades, but differs from the species described here by, among other characteristic, a weakly cordate to almost truncate base to the leaf blades.

Geology in this paper is specified based on Hutchinson (1989, 2005) and Tate (2001).

Key to species of the *Homalomena* Borneensis Complex

1. Pistillate floret zone accounting for nearly 1/2 of the spadix; staminate and pistillate floret zones contiguous, not separated by a naked interstice.....2