

A Hybrid Haptic Feedback Stimulation Prosthetic Device to Recover the Missing Sensation of Upper Extremity Amputees

Mohammed Najeh Nemah^{1,2}, Cheng Yee Low^{1,*}, Annisabinti Jamali³, Shahrol Mohamaddan³, A. K. Kareem^{1,4}, and O M Fakhri¹

¹Faculty of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering, University Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia, 86400Parit Raja, Batu Pahat, Johor, Malaysia.

²Engineering Technical College-Najaf, Al-Furat Al-Awsat Technical University, 32001, Najaf, Iraq.

³Department of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, University Malaysia Sarawak, Malaysia.

⁴Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Techniques Engineering Department, Al-Mustaqbal University College, Babylon, Iraq
E-mail: cylow@uthm.edu.my

Article Info

Volume 81

Page Number: 649 - 665

Publication Issue:

November-December 2019

Abstract

Anon-invasive hybrid haptic feedback stimulation system that can sense the contact pressure was designed for a prosthetic hand, in order to recover the missing sensation of the amputation patients. The main objective of this work is to develop and evaluate the first step of a novel approach for a lightweight, 7 Degrees-Of-Freedom (DOF) prosthetic arm to perform an effective object manipulation and grasping. Furthermore, to convey the tactile information about the contact pressure with high identification accuracy. However, a novel wearable hybrid pressure-vibration haptic feedback stimulation device for providing the tactile information about the contact pressure between the prosthetic hand and the grasped objects to the user's brain is designed to achieve the main objective of this study. An evaluation of sensation and response has been conducted with forty healthy subjects to evaluate the ability of the haptic system to stimulate the human nervous system. The results in term of Stimulus Identification Rate (SIR) presented that the whole participants were correctly able to discriminate the sensation of touch, stare of touch, end of touch, and grasping objects. While 94%, and 96% of the entire stimuli were successfully identified by the volunteers during the experiments of slippage, pressure level, respectively.

Article History

Article Received: 3 January 2019

Revised: 25 March 2019

Accepted: 28 July 2019

Publication: 25 November 2019

Keywords: Contact pressure detection; Feeling recovering; Haptic feedback stimulation system; Prosthetic arm; Tactile sensory system; Upper limb prostheses; Vibration stimulation.

1. Introduction

According to the statistics study made by the Federal Statistical Office in Germany, 22,608

patients with upper limb insufficiency are recorded [1]. In the previous three decades, the number of amputees with upper limb