
ECONOMICS

Sociology

Brahmana, R. K., Kopong, S., Brahmana, R. K. (2015), Optimism and Consumption: Psychological Costs of Malaysia-Sulu Dispute, *Economics and Sociology*, Vol. 8, No 4, pp. 225-240. DOI: 10.14254/2071-789X.2015/8-4/16

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*Received: May, 2015
1st Revision: October, 2015
Accepted: November, 2015*

**DOI: 10.14254/2071-
789X.2015/8-4/16**

JEL Classification: N45

Keywords: Stress Level; Optimism; Consumption; Dispute; Sabah Malaysia.

Introduction

In late 2012 there was a Sulu dispute at Sabah Malaysia, and it received massive international attention. "Time" magazine reported 26 people died because of the dispute¹ within two months period. The dispute caused mental health problems to locals who lived in the conflict areas².

The dispute of Sulu, Malaysia was started by the argument about the ancient territory of Sulu Sultanate, the heirs of the Sultanate claim north east of Borneo, which is part of Sabah Malaysia, as Sulu archipelago. These Sulu tribes, such as Bajau, Sulukh, Tausug, have lived in southern part of the Philippines and the Northern part of Borneo centuries ago as traders. After the occupation by Japan in 1961, the Sultanate of Sulu signed the "Pajak" treaty with Persekutuan Tanah Melayu (Federal States of Malay). This "Pajak" treaty is the document

¹ See <http://world.time.com/2013/03/04/malaysia-at-least-26-dead-in-ongoing-sabah-siege/>

² <http://dinmerican.wordpress.com/2013/03/05/lahad-datu-incursion-our-leaders-have-failed-not-just-sabahans/>