Case 3666

DICROGLOSSIDAE Dubois, 1987 (Amphibia, Anura): proposed conservation

Annemarie Ohler
Muséum National d’Histoire Naturelle, Département Systématique et Évolution, UMR7205 ISYEB, CP 30, 25 rue Cuvier, 75005 Paris, France (e-mail: ohler@mnhn.fr)

A. A. Thasun Amarasinghe
Research Center for Climate Change, University of Indonesia, Gd. PAU Lt. 8.5, Kampus UI, Depok 16424, Indonesia

Franco Andreone
Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali, Via G. Giolitti, 36, 10123 Torino, Italy

Aaron Bauer
Department of Biology, Villanova University, 800 Lancaster Avenue, Villanova, Pennsylvania 19085, U.S.A.

Leo Borkin
Department of Herpetology, Zoological Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, St. Petersburg 199034, Russia

Alan Channing
Biodiversity and Conservation Biology, University of the Western Cape, Private Bag X17, Bellville, 7535, South Africa

Yodchaiy Chuaynkern
Department of Biology, Faculty of Science, Khon Kaen University, Muaeng, Khon Kaen, 40002 Thailand

Indraneil Das
Institute of Biodiversity and Environmental Conservation, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak, 94300 Kota Samarahan, Sarawak, Malaysia

Kaushik Deuti
Zoological Survey of India, Amphibia Collections, 27 Jawaharlal Lal Nehru Road, Kolkata 700 016, India

Thierry Frétet
Association Racine, 5 allée des Cygnes, 35750 Saint Maugan, France

Masafumi Matsui
Graduate School of Human and Environmental Studies, Kyoto University, Sakyo, Kyoto 606–8501, Japan
Truong Nguyen  
*Institute of Ecology and Biological Resources, Vietnam Academy of Science and Technology, 18 Hoang Quoc Viet, Cau Giay, Hanoi, Vietnam*

R. Alexander Pyron  
*Department of Biological Sciences, 2023 G St. NW, Washington, D.C. 20052, U.S.A.*

Mark Oliver Rödel  
*Museum für Naturkunde, Leibniz Institute for Evolution and Biodiversity Science, Invalidenstraße 43, 10115 Berlin, Germany*

Gabriel Hoinsoude Segniagbeto  
*Université de Lomé, Faculté des Sciences, Département de zoologie et de biologie animale, BP 6057 Lomé, Togo*

Karthikeyan Vasudevan  
*Laboratory for Conservation of Endangered Species (LaCONES), Centre for Cellular and Molecular Biology, 162 Pillar, PVNR Expressway, Attapur Ring Road, Hyderguda, Hyderabad 500 048, India*

Alain Dubois  
*Muséum National d’Histoire Naturelle, Département Systématique et Evolution, UMR7205 ISYEB, CP 30, 25 rue Cuvier, 75005 Paris, France*

**Abstract.** The purpose of this application, under Article 81 of the Code, is to conserve the name *DICROGLOSSIDAE* Dubois, 1987 for a family of frogs. Analysis of the publication where the name *DICROGLOSSIDAE* was first used (Anderson, 1871) showed that this was an incorrect subsequent spelling of *DISCOGLOSSIDAE* Günther, 1858 and therefore not an available name. This name would have been made available by Dubois (1987) except that *Dicroglossus* Günther, 1860 was then considered a junior subjective synonym of *Euphlyctis* Fitzinger, 1843 and thus unable to be the type-genus of a new family-group name according to Article 11.7.1.1 of the Code. However, *DICROGLOSSIDAE* is a widely used family name in the recent taxonomy of amphibians. It includes about 180 species distributed in sub-Saharan Africa and tropical Asia. We therefore ask the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature to make the name *DICROGLOSSIINI* Dubois, 1987, with the type genus *Dicroglossus* Günther, 1860, available by original designation of Dubois (1987, p. 57); to place the names *DICROGLOSSIINI* Dubois, 1987 and *Dicroglossus* Günther, 1860, on the relevant Official Lists of Names in Zoology; and to place the name ‘*DICROGLOSSIDAE* Anderson, 1871’, an incorrect subsequent spelling of *DISCOGLOSSIDAE* Günther, 1858, on the Index of Invalid and Rejected Family-Group Names in Zoology.

**Keywords.** Nomenclature; taxonomy; Amphibia; Anura; *DICROGLOSSIDAE*; *Dicroglossus*; Africa; Asia.