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Journal of the American Mosquito Control Association

Published by: The American Mosquito Control Association

18

Print ISSN: 8756-971X Online ISSN: 1943-6270

Current: Mar 2013 : Volume 29 Issue 1

BioOne Member Since: 2007

Frequency: Quarterly Impact Factor: 0.735

2011 ISI Journal Citation Reports® Rankings: 45/86 - Entomology

Eigenfactor™: Journal of the American Mosquito Control Association

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Journal of the American Mosquito Control Association 29(1):33-43, 2013

doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.2987/12-6228R.1

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★ Temporal and Spatial Distribution of Dengue Vector Mosquitoes and their Habitat Patterns in Penang Island, Malaysia

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Abstract

We studied the diversity of Aedes breeding sites in various urban, suburban, and rural areas over time between February 2009 and February 2010 in the dengue endemic areas of Penang Island, Malaysia. We categorized the breeding sites and efficiency, and identified the key breeding containers. Among the 3 areas, the rural areas produced the highest container index (55), followed by suburban (42) and urban (32) areas. The numbers of key premises and containers were significantly higher (P < 0.000) in rural areas. The class I containers were identified as the key containers with higher productivity and efficiency, although class 2 and class 4 are the highest in numbers. Aedes aegypti immatures were found mostly in drums, water reservoirs, and polyethylene sheets, while mixed breeding was more common in buckets and empty paint cans in urban and suburban areas. Aedes albopictus was found mainly in miscellaneous containers such as drums, empty paint cans, and covers in all areas. The main potential containers indoors were drums, water reservoirs, and empty paint cans, and containers outdoors included empty paint cans, drums, and polyethylene sheets.

Keywords: Aedes breeding habitat, container index, entomological surveillance, Penang Island

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