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Schismatoglottideae (Araceae) of Borneo LXXVI — Two new *Burttianthus* species from Sarawak

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Abstract. Two new species of *Burttianthus* are described from Sarawak: *B. rejangicus* from the Rejang and Balleh rivers of the western Rejang Basin, and *B. solus* from the Similajau Basin, Bintulu. Both novelties are illustrated from living plants and the spadices of eight of the nine *Burttianthus* species are compared in accompanying figures.

Keywords: Araceae, *Burttianthus*, Malaysia, Kapit Division, Bintulu Division, Borneo.

INTRODUCTION

Burttianthus S.Y.Wong, S.L.Low & P.C.Boyce (Low et al. 2018) is a genus of seven species, two further herein described, of obligate Steenisian rheophytes (Boyce and Wong 2019) restricted to N Borneo, occurring from the Tatau Basin of Bintulu, through Brunei (although apparently absent from the eastern part of the country), to Lawas wedged between the eastern portion of Brunei and Sabah. The species are divisible into three groups. Five described species, including the type of the genus, *B. caulescens* (M.Hotta) S.Y.Wong & P.C.Boyce, plus the two here proposed, have numerous glabrous staminate florets arranged in longitudinally aligned pairs, with the horns inside the lip of the anther cavity when the rim is thick, to more or less marginal when rim is thin, and an absent or vestigial appendix. Another group, with three species including *Burttianthus veluntandrus* (S.Y.Wong, S.L.Low & P.C.Boyce) S.Y.Wong & P.C.Boyce, has at most two spirals of pubescent staminate florets of similar structure to the preceding, and an appendix accounting for up to half the spadix. The third group, comprising *B. longipedunculatus* (M.Hotta) S.Y.Wong & P.C.Boyce and *B. purselovei* (Furtado) S.Y.Wong & P.C.Boyce, have anthers with the rims very thin, and long thecae horns