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Journal homepage: http://www.pertanika.upm.edu.my/

#### Short communication

# **Oviposition Behavior of** *Scirpophaga incertulas*, the Yellow Stemborer (Lepidoptera: Crambidae) in A Non-Choice Study

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### ABSTRACT

*Scirpophaga incertulas*, or the yellow stemborer, is a dominant paddy pest in Asia and contributes to great yield loss in paddy cultivation. Breeding paddy varieties that are resistant to yellow stemborer is an eco-friendly alternative for managing this pest rather than using hazardous chemical insecticides. In this non-choice study, the oviposition behaviour of female yellow stemborers on three different local Sarawak paddy landraces was observed. The number and size of egg masses found on the three local paddy landraces, namely Bajong, Bubok, and Bario, were similar. In general, the yellow stemborers of this study preferred to oviposit on the leaves instead of stems. On leaves, the number of egg masses oviposited on the abaxial side and adaxial side of leaves was comparable. Based on this preliminary data, the three local paddy landraces may not be good candidates in a paddy breeding program that resists towards yellow stemborers.

Keywords: Antixenosis resistance, egg mass position, paddy plant, yellow stemborer

## **INTRODUCTION**

Rice stemborers are a group of dominant paddy pests. In Sarawak, a statewide rice pests survey carried out from 2009 to 2011

ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received: 28 March 2019 Accepted: 21 June 2019 Published: 19 August 2019

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in 166 rice fields showed that 11.4 % of rice damage in the fields was caused by rice stemborers (Gumbek & Hamsein, 2011). The damages are caused by the larvae of rice stemborers that bore into paddy tillers and feed on the inner cells. Eventually, the infestation will cause whitehead and

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ISSN: 1511-3701 e-ISSN: 2231-8542

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