

ASPIRE Model for Academic Writing



Chuah Kee Man Centre for Language Studies, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak chuahkeeman@gmail.com



- Writing academic essays can be rather difficult as it requires some necessary "skills" in ensuring a piece of work remains "academic".
 - I would like to share a simple model (or guide) that would help you in writing academically.
 - Of course, this is not "the" model that would transform you into a proficient academic writer overnight.

ASPIRE for academic writing (Chuah, 2010)

- Academic Voice
- Scholarly Citations
- Precise Description
- In-depth Elaborations
- Reduce clichés/redundancies
- Effective Structure



- Academic Voice
 - Use academic language
 - Formal
 - Use specific terms/technical terms when necessary
 - No contraction = Don't, Won't
 - Objective perspective (not personal)
 - Proper spelling (eg: because instead of "coz")

- Scholarly Citations
 - Use scholarly citations to support your elaborations.
 - Get from reliable sources journals, books, reports.
 - Not merely citing resources from unreliable online webpages.

Precise Descriptions

- Provide precise descriptions/elaborations based on facts.
- Avoid giving vague descriptions and personal opinions.
 Unless the type of writing is opinion-based.
- When opinion is needed, signal to the reader that it is an opinion by using hedgings like "In the author's opinion, the situation may not be applicable to Malaysians.")

In-depth Elaborations

- Elaborate your points based on the citations and not merely listing them out.
- Learn to integrate the points.
- Avoid explaining the same thing multiple times.
 - Overuse of "This means that..."

Example:

Adams (2010) mentions that Malaysians love to use Facebook during peak hours. <u>This means that many</u> Malaysians are using Facebook when everyone else is busy. (This is not extending from the earlier sentence/point)

Reduce clichés/redundancies

- Avoid using too many clichés or redundancies.
- Clichés Overused Words/Phrases
 E.g.
 - Nowadays
 - Last but not the least
 - all walks of life
 - in today's society
- Redundancies
 - At the present moment in time
 - By definition, this means that the word implies

Effective Structure

- Structure is very important it helps your reader to focus and present your points/arguments clearly.
- Standard Academic Structure
 - Introduction = Thesis statement/statement of issue
 - Body = Main ideas/arguments to discuss/explain the issue
 - Conclusion = Summary of points/recommendation

May change according to genres/types of writing