

COGNITIVE SCIENCES AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

A Study on Stress Level and Coping Strategies among Undergraduate Students

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ABSTRACT

Feelings of stress are a part of university students' life. Stress is simply the body's response to changes that create taxing demands. There is a difference between eustress, which is a term for positive stress, and distress, which refers to negative stress. Coping mechanism plays a significant part to overcome or reduce the stress experienced by individuals. People use different types of coping strategies to overcome their stress. The purpose of the study was to study the relationship between stress and coping strategies among university students. Eighty- six university students participated in the study. A quantitative study utilizing a cross sectional non-probability sampling research design was used to gather data. The data was collected using a questionnaire with the addition of Perceived Stress Scale (PSS) and the Adolescent Coping Scale (ACS) were administered. The result of this study indicated that majority of the university students have moderate level of stress. There was a significant inverse relationship between stress level and coping strategies among undergraduates. In conclusion, some levels of stress can be good, as the right kind of stress encourages them towards change and growth. However, when students are unable to cope with stress, they can become a burden. It is recommended that students should be encouraged to take part in extra-curricular activities such as sports to reduce stress.

Keywords: Stress; coping strategies; university students

INTRODUCTION

Many people around the world experience stress irrespective of their age, race,

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© Faculty of Cognitive Sciences and Human Development, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak (UNIMAS) religion, colour, profession, academic background or surrounding environment (Esia-Donkoh, Yelkpieri & Esia-Donkoh, 2011). A study by Anspaugh, Hamrick and Rosato (2003) opined that stress comes in different forms and affects different types of people at different ages and walks of life. Environmental and personal events that cause stress are known as stressors. Different people perceive and react to stressors differently from other people. Stress has become