

A COMPACT ANTENNA DESIGN FOR FIFTH GENERATION WIRELESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

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Abstract. This paper proposes a compact antenna design for wireless communication system that can operate at dual band frequencies which are 24.25 GHz and 38 GHz. The antenna with an overall size of 6.3 mm X 6.0 mm is printed on RogersRT5880 type of substrate with a thickness of 0.787 mm. The simulated reflection coefficient result is <-10 dB for both frequencies which makes it suitable for 5G applications. The proposed antenna has a stable gain value of 7.23 dBi at 24.25 GHz and 3.69 dBi at 38 GHz. All the simulation result was performed by using CST Microwave Studio Software. The result shows the feasibility of this antenna to be applied for future 5G application.

1 Introduction

Industry of mobile and wireless communication has widely grown over the last decade starting from analog to digital system like 2G (GSM) then towards high data rate wireless communication which is WCDMA or known as 3G. Evolution of the communication does not stop here, but it continues to grow in the presence of 3.5G (HSPA) and 4G or also known as LTE and LTE-A. Today, 5G pilot studies are going on and expected to be released in 2020 and beyond [1]. 5G or also familiarly known as millimeter wave is needed in order to overcome existing problems such as slow data rate and spectrum scarcity. Fifth generation also provides a better coverage compared to previous generation [2]. In order to fulfil all the requirements of the modern technologies, a new design of patch antenna is proposed in this paper. One of the major challenge to design a high frequency antenna is the size of the antenna become smaller thus the fabrication process become more challenging.

Nowadays, microstrip antenna plays a main role in the wireless communications industry. Microstrip antenna has several advantages such as low cost, light weight, ease of integration into arrays, and also produces the best result for mobile radio and wireless communication due to its planar configuration [3]. Moreover, microstrip antenna is perfectly suited for many applications that requires a low profile antenna because it can adapt to a given shape easily. The most important advantage of microstrip antenna is this type of antenna is capable of operating at dual and triple frequency operations [4]. Furthermore, microstrip

antenna also easy to feed by using coaxial cable and microstrip lines.

In theory, an antenna that has dual band frequencies should operate with similar features at two separate frequencies in term of radiation and also its impedance matching [5]. Moreover, one of the advantages of implementing a dual frequency patch antenna is we can avoid the use of two different antennas when the system requires operation of two significantly dual different frequencies.

This proposed antenna could provide the communications for fifth generation wireless communication system applications which has a high data rate and better coverage compared to previous generations.

2 Antenna Design

The main objective of this research is to design a compact antenna that capable of operating at dual band frequencies of high frequency millimeter wave. Some basic calculation of the antenna will be considered in order to begin this research. The antenna was designed at RTRogers5880 as a substrate with a thickness of 0.787 mm, with relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 2.2$ and loss tangent of 0.0009. In fact, this type of substrate shows a better performance compared with LTCC technology [6]. The patch of the antenna uses copper as a material with a dimension of 4.6 x 3.6 mm with the thickness of 0.035 mm. Moreover, copper is a material that high conductivity compared to others.