MOON PHASE AS THE CAUSE OF MONDAY IRRATIONALITY: CASE OF ASEAN DAY OF THE WEEK ANOMALY

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Abstract

Many Day-of-the week anomaly papers have suggested investor behaviour as the explanation of highly differentiated returns on Mondays; yet, rarely found a paper has empirically investigated it. Therefore, this paper proposes Moon-Induced mood as the determinant of that irrational behaviour. This proposition is based on our preliminary findings that the full moon phase occurred more often on Mondays compared to other days; an indication of a causal relationship. By taking Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand, and the Philippines as samples during the period of 1999-2010, this paper found: (1) There is evidence of a Monday effect across all the ASEAN stock markets, (2) The moon phase and its interaction with Mondays has significantly influenced the Monday effect, and (3) A full moon on Monday has significant negative influenced on Monday returns. In conclusion, the stimulation by moon phase forms affection bias, and the resulting outcome is the irrational stock market behavior.

Keywords: Moon Effect, Day-Of-Week-Anomaly, Irrational Behavior, ASEAN

1. Introduction

The belief that phases of the moon affect behavior dates back to ancient times. However, the debate about lunar effect on the human body and mind has been a hugely argued anecdotally as well as empirically in literature. For instance is Campbell (1983) who asserts that lunar lunacy research is not scientifically encouraging and explaining human behavior. This is supported by research findings which found there is no relationship between moon phase and behavior (i.e. Guiterrez-Garcia and Tusell, 1997; Chapman and Morrell, 2000; Biermann, 2005; Brahmana et al, 2011).

In another side, several scholars found the evidence of this lunar-lunacy behavior. Their stand point is that similar to the behavior of the ocean, the gravity of the moon creates an