UNIMAS' contribution to biodiversity industry

UNIVERSITI Malaysia Sarawak (UNIMAS) has recorded several milestones in research, especially in the conservation of biodiversity and development of biotechnology.

An important research facility at UNIMAS is the Institute of Biodiversity and Environmental Conservation (IBEC), which focuses, often with local and international collaboration, on the ecology and conservation of biota and threatened habitats in Borneo.

This has resulted in the creation of databases on terrestrial and marine biodiversity, such as the discovery of montane endemics at Mount Murud, which were previously recorded only on Mount Kinabalu.

In a recent expedition to Mount Murud, IBEC scientists led by Associate Professor Dr Fatimah Abang discovered the montane butterfly Ptychandra talboti, which is endemic to Borneo, and the first record for the mountain.

According to IBEC her-



SEVERAL MILESTONES: UNIMAS' Institute of Biodiversity and Environmental Conservation focuses on the ecology and conservation of biota and threatened habitats in Borneo.

new taxa of frogs, especially of the Polypedates and Pelophyrene genera, were also collected.

The endemic bird,

sea level while the Mountain Treepie was common at a lower elevation.

In environmental conservation, IBEC scientist Aspetologist Associate Profes- Mountain Blackeye, was sociate Professor Dr Lau sor Dr Indraneil Das, several abundant at 2,000m above Seng developed a voltam-

metric method to detect arsenic speciation in fresh water. This method has proven to be cheap, reliable and simple to operate.

Future research at IBEC will continue to focus tropical

ecology.

Ecosystems that are Since then VT has prounique and threatened by duced kits for the diagnosis of

Vision 2020 and the formation of Biovalley Malaysia biotechnology-based activities and product development to help stimulate the industry in the Malaysia.

It is interested in providing input to help develop Malaysia's biotechnology industry in the future, including developing vaccines against dengue and Japanese Encephalitis (JE).

Its Institute of Health and Community Medicine has been collaborating with two biotechnology companies to develop genetically-engineered vaccines against dengue and JE.

One is Malaysian company Venture Technologies

biodiversity, environmental dengue diagnostic kit in conservation, terrestrial collaboration with a bioecology and coastal marine technology company in Singapore.

human activities will be JE and has been involved in priority areas for fieldwork. research for the develop-Meanwhile, in line with ment of a dengue and a JE vaccine. Together with Bavarian Nordic, a bio-(BVM), UNIMAS is under- technology company listed on taking research geared to- the Co-penhagen stock wards the development of exchange, VT and UNIMAS have produced prototype vaccines against dengue and JE and these are undergoing pre-clinical testing at the university.

Both vaccines are based on genetically engineering** important genes of these viruses into a well-tested virus vaccine called Modified Vaccinia Ankara (MVA).

MVA was developed as a vaccine against smallpox and has a strong record of safety and is considered a strong candidate to deliver new recombinant viral vaccines that are safe. UNIMAS also the pipeline has in biotechnology-based diag-Sdn Bhd (VT), which 10 nostics and vaccine candiyears ago accomplished a dates for development and world first by producing a possible commercialisation.

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